TO: Fort Wayne Senate

FROM: Brian L. Fife, Chair, Budgetary Affairs Subcommittee

DATE: February 12, 2007

SUBJECT: Budgetary Affairs Subcommittee Biennial Report to the Senate

DISPOSITION: To the Presiding Officer for Implementation

Whereas, Senate Document SD 01-18 requires that the Budgetary Affairs Subcommittee submit a biennial report to the Fort Wayne Senate; and

Whereas, the allocation of scarce resources is a paramount issue at IPFW;

Be it resolved, that the members of the Fort Wayne Senate receive this report for information only.

Introduction

Pursuant to Senate Document SD 01-18 (approved April 8, 2002), the following report is presented to the Fort Wayne Senate. The availability of data encompassing the various issues raised in SD 01-18 is limited. However, as of this writing, one centralized source exists in the federal government that documents institutional expenditures every year from 1983/84 through 2004/05.

Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System (IPEDS)

Finance Survey, 1983/84-2000/01

The Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System includes several different surveys that are forwarded by higher education officials to the U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, on an annual basis. The finance survey delineates all institutional expenditures by categories, and the variables are consistent from 1983/84 through 2000/01. There are fourteen variables included in the IPEDS finance survey during this time period: total current expenditures; instruction; research; public service; academic support; student services; institutional support; operation and maintenance of the physical plant; scholarships and fellowships; mandatory transfers; nonmandatory transfers; auxiliary enterprises; hospitals; and independent operations. The categories are defined in the following manner:

1. Total expenditures: costs incurred for goods and services used for the purpose of operating the institution. This includes the acquisition cost of capital assets, such as equipment and library books, to the extent that current funds are budgeted for and used by operating departments for such purposes. This includes the following: instruction, research, public service, academic support, student services, institutional support, operation and maintenance of the physical plant, scholarships and fellowships, auxiliary enterprises, hospitals, and independent operations. Auxiliary expenditures are essentially self-supporting operations of the institution that exist to provide a service to faculty, students, or staff, that charge a fee that is directly related to, although not necessarily equivalent to, the cost of the service. Examples include college stores, student-health services, residence halls, and food services. Hospital expenditures are associated with operational costs, including nursing expenses, other professional services, general services, administrative services, fiscal services, and charges for physical plant operations. Independent expenditures are funds utilized for operations that are independent of or unrelated to the primary mission of the institution (i.e., instruction, research, and public service), although they may contribute indirectly to the enhancement of these programs. This category is typically limited to expenditures of a major federally funded research-and-development center.

2. Instruction: this includes expenditures of the colleges, schools, departments, and other instructional divisions of the institution and expenditures for departmental research and public service that are not separately budgeted. This figure includes expenditures for credit and noncredit activities and excludes expenditures for academic administration where the primary function is administration (e.g., academic deans). It also includes general academic instruction, occupational and vocational instruction, special-session instruction, community education, prepatory and adult basic education, and remedial and tutorial instruction conducted by the teaching faculty for the institution's students.

3. Research: this category includes funds expended for activities specifically organized to produce research outcomes and commissioned by an agency either external to the institution or separately budgeted by a unit within the institution.

4. Public Service: this entails funds budgeted specifically for public service and expended for activities designed to provide noninstructional services that are beneficial to groups external to the institution. Examples include seminars and projects provided to the community and expenditures for community services and cooperative extension services.

5. Academic Support: this includes expenditures for the support services that are an integral part of the

institution's primary mission of instruction, research, and public service. Included in this category are expenditures for libraries, museums, audio-visual services, academic-computing support, ancillary support, academic administration, personnel development, and course and curriculum development. It also includes expenditures for veterinary and dental clinics if their primary purpose is to support the institutional program.

6. Student Services: this category includes expenditures for admissions, registrar activities, and activities whose primary purpose is to contribute to students' emotional and physical well-being and to their intellectual, cultural, and social development outside the context of the formal instructional program. Examples include career guidance, counseling, financial-aid administration, and student-health services.

7. Institutional Support: expenditures for day-to-day operational support of the institution are included, such as expenditures for general administrative services, executive direction and planning, public relations and development, and legal and fiscal operations. This category does not include expenditures for physical plant operations.

8. Physical Plant: this entails the operation and maintenance of the physical plant and includes expenditures for operations established to provide service and maintenance related to campus grounds and facilities used for educational and general purposes.

9. Scholarships and Fellowships: these are expenditures made in the form of outright grants-in-aid, tuition and fee waivers, prizes, and stipends to students enrolled in undergraduate or graduate course work. Pell Grants are included in this category. College work-study expenses and remissions that are granted because of faculty or staff status are not included.

10. Mandatory Transfers: these include transfers that must be made to fulfill a binding legal obligation of the institution, and include debt-service provisions relating to academic and administrative buildings, including funds set aside for debt retirement and interest, required provisions for renewal and replacements to the extent not financed from other sources, and the institutional matching portion for Perkins Loans, when the source of funds is current revenue.

11. Nonmandatory Transfers: these include transfers from current funds to other fund groups made at the executive discretion of the governing board to serve a variety of objectives (e.g., additions to loan funds, funds functioning as endowment, general or specific plant additions, voluntary renewals and replacement of plant, and prepayments on debt principal).

12. Auxiliary Enterprises: expenditures for essentially self-supporting operations of the institution that exist to furnish a service to students, faculty, or staff are included in this category. A fee is charged that is directly related to, although not necessarily equal to, the cost of the service (e.g., residence halls, food services, student-health services, college stores, and barber shops).

13. Hospitals: expenditures associated with the operation of a hospital are included in this category (e.g., nursing services, other professional services, general services, administrative services, fiscal services, and charges for physical plant operations).

14. Independent Operations: these are funds expended for operations that are independent of or unrelated to the primary missions of the institution (e.g., instruction, research, and public service), although they may contribute indirectly to the enhancement of these programs. This category is generally limited to expenditures of a major federally funded research and development center (Losco and Fife, 2000, 74-76).

Revenue in higher education is generated from a variety of sources including tuition and fees; government (federal, state, and/or local) appropriations; government grants and contracts; private gifts, grants, and contracts; endowment income; sales and services of educational activities; auxiliary enterprises; hospitals; and independent operations. The focus of this report is not where revenues are obtained, but where funds are allocated. The IPEDS finance survey contains useful information for higher education stakeholders and advocates as it can be used to measure policy commitment to each of the categories in the survey. Not surprisingly, institutional missions have a direct bearing on policy commitment (Fife and Losco, 2004; Fife, 2000). Total appropriations for Indiana University-Purdue University Fort Wayne (IPFW), as well as the percentage of total expenditures allocated in each category, for 1983/84-2000/01 are presented in Table 1.

[Table 1 here]

Finance Survey, 2001/02-2004/05

Officials at the National Center for Education Statistics altered the IPEDS finance survey slightly in 2001/02 and incorporated some different variables:

Operating Expenses

The following category definitions have not changed from the previous finance survey:

- 1. Instruction
- 2. Research
- 3. Public Service
- 4. Academic Support
- 5. Student Services
- 6. Institutional Support
- 7. Physical Plant
- 8. Scholarships and Fellowships
- 9. Auxiliary Enterprises
- 10. Hospitals
- 11. Independent Operations

The following were included in the new finance survey:

12. Depreciation: includes the current year's depreciation expense on capital assets.

13. Other Expenses and Deductions: these amounts are automatically generated by taking the totals from line 14 (total operating expenses) and subtracting the total of lines 01-12.

Nonoperating Expenses and Deductions

The following were included in the new finance survey:

14. Interest: the total of interest expense for the year.

15. Other Nonoperating Expenses and Deductions: these amounts are automatically generated by taking the amounts on line 18 and deducting the amounts on line 15 (for a more detailed discussion of the survey, see http://www.nces.ed.gov/ipeds/).

Total appropriations, as well the percentage of total expenditures allocated in each category, for 2001/02-2004/05 (the most recent year of available data), are presented in Table 2.

[Table 2 here]

Comparing IPFW with other Baccalaureate Institutions in Indiana

A meaningful basis of comparison is essential to determine how IPFW compares with other peer institutions in the state. Using the most recent year of available data (2004/05), IPFW is compared with the other thirteen public universities which confer baccalaureate degrees in Indiana: Ball State University, Indiana University-Purdue University Indianapolis (IUPUI), University of Southern Indiana, Indiana State University, Indiana University-Kokomo, Indiana University-South Bend, Indiana University-Bloomington, Indiana University-Northwest, Indiana University-Southeast, Indiana University-East, Purdue University-Calumet, Purdue University-North Central, and Purdue University-West Lafayette. The results are presented in Table 3.

[Table 3 here]

To reiterate, the IPEDS finance survey has utility in that it provides a measure of policy commitment over time. In interpreting the data, it would be prudent to consider such realities as institutional mission as well as local ecological factors. If anything, a review of IPFW's finance survey over time may prompt more questions than steadfast conclusions. A dialogue about the institution's primary mission (instruction, research, and public service) can only prove fruitful. Such a discussion must include an understanding of funding differentials across the public institutions of higher education in Indiana.

Appropriation per FTE, 2005/06

Full-time equivalent (FTE) student enrollment is calculated by dividing credit hours taken by undergraduate and professional students by fifteen and by dividing credit hours taken by graduate students by twelve and summing the two quotients. The figure that is generated expresses instructional activity in terms that allow for institutional comparisons (Indiana University, January 23, 2007). In Indiana, a significant portion of revenue for the public institutions of higher education is appropriated by the Indiana General Assembly in its biennial budget. The operating appropriation per FTE for all public institutions in Indiana (including the fourteen institutions in Table 3 along with Vincennes University and Ivy Tech State College) for 2005/06 is delineated in Table 4. Total appropriation per FTE in 2005/06 is available in Table 5. Figures for 2006/07 are not available as of this writing.

[Tables 4 and 5 here]

IPFW is ranked twelfth of sixteen institutions in the operating appropriation per FTE and thirteenth in total appropriation per FTE. The vast differences among the publicly-supported institutions in operating appropriation per FTE, as well as total appropriation per FTE, are well documented, and the issue has been a focal point in the Fort Wayne Senate for a considerable period of time (see, e.g., Senate Document SD 96-7, amended and approved on December, 9, 1996). State funding for IPFW has consistently been below the average and has even lagged most other regional campuses in the state. Arguably, IPFW could invest more in its primary mission (instruction, research, and public service) if funding formulas employed by the state legislature resulted in more equitable outcomes.

Summary

This report is presented to the Fort Wayne Senate to comply with the letter and spirit of Senate Document SD 01-18. Covering a twenty-two year span of time (1983/84-2004/05), mean spending levels, and corresponding standard deviations, are presented in Table 6.

[Table 6 here]

In the major categories of spending in the academy (instruction, research, public service, academic support, student services, institutional support, physical plant, and scholarships/fellowships), comparing the average spending levels since 1983 to the most recent year of available data is illuminating. There is little difference (less than plus or minus 1 percent) in spending for research, public service, academic support, student services, or scholarships/fellowships. However, spending in three categories in 2004/05

was markedly different than the average over the past two decades. These categories include instruction, institutional support, and the physical plant. While the average spending allocation for instruction was almost 48 percent over this time period, the percentage allocated to instruction in 2004/05 was 10.6 percent less (37.3 percent). Spending on instruction also declined in whole terms from 2003/2004, though this is not unprecedented as it has occurred on two other occasions. Spending on institutional support in 2004/05 was 6 percent higher than the average (10.9 percent) over this time period. In fact, the proportional allocation for administration (institutional support) was the second highest in the state (behind only Purdue University-North Central). Meanwhile, physical plant expenditures averaged 9.6 percent for 22 years while the allocation rate in 2004/05 increased by almost 4 percent over this figure.

In short, spending levels have been very consistent in most budgetary categories since 1983. Recently, proportional spending for instruction has decreased while proportional spending for administration and the operation and maintenance of the physical plant have increased. An examination of IPEDS data cannot, once again, offer steadfast conclusions as to why this is the case. Consumers of this report must also remember that IPFW has historically lagged most other public universities when it comes to funding from the state. Thus, any discussion of budgetary issues at IPFW, including instruction, administration, and the plant, as well as the other categories in question, must account for these realities as well as local ecological factors. It is the hope of the members of the Budgetary Affairs Subcommittee that this report will facilitate a meaningful and substantive dialogue about spending at IPFW, one that requires all stakeholders to examine the institution's mission within the hierarchy of higher education in the state of Indiana.

Sources

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	1983/84	1984/85	1985/86	1986/87	1987/88
Instruction	\$13,528,177	14,635,900	16,738,869	16,529,152	18,131,909
	(54.2%)	(56.5%)	(55.3%)	(49.5%)	(50.1%)
Research	422,831	44,516	88,075	232,929	413,703
	(1.7%)	(0.2%)	(0.3%)	(0.7%)	(1.1%)
Public Service	397,197	537,260	694,639	711,593	649,664
	(1.6%)	(2.1%)	(2.3%)	(2.1%)	(1.8%)
Academic	1,061,575	1,028,133	1,346,531	1,673,388	1,776,922
Support	(4.3%)	(4.0%)	(4.5%)	(5.0%)	(4.9%)
Student	1,255,301	1,343,405	1,426,485	1,545,503	1,709,729
Services	(5.0%)	(5.2%)	(4.7%)	(4.6%)	(4.7%)
Institutional	2,646,312	2,716,891	2,719,517	3,258,686	3,950,224
Support	(10.6%)	(10.5%)	(9.0%)	(9.8%)	(10.9%)
Physical Plant	2,631,053	2,609,910	3,110,959	3,523,216	3,481,236
	(10.5%)	(10.1%)	(10.3%)	(10.6%)	(9.6%)
Scholarships/	1,785,462	1,791,063	1,877,494	1,701,162	1,816,868
Fellowships	(7.2%)	(6.9%)	(6.2%)	(5.1%)	(5.0%)
Mandatory Transfers	0	0	1,124,672 (3.7%)	1,842,791 (5.5%)	1,753,568 (4.8%)
Nonmandatory Transfers	0	0	0	1,228,613 (3.7%)	1,287,313 (3.6%)
Auxiliary	1,228,301	1,189,889	1,126,715	1,126,607	1,255,108
Enterprises	(4.9%)	(4.6%)	(3.7%)	(3.4%)	(3.5%)
Hospital	0	0	0	0	0
Independent Operations	0	0	0	0	0
Total Expenditures	24,956,209	25,896,967	30,253,956	33,373,640	36,226,244

IPEDS Finance Survey, 1983/84-2000/01

	1988/89	1989/90	1990/91	1991/92	1992/93
Instruction	\$19,550,501	21,758,622	23,240,154	24,326,931	26,021,821
	(49.3%)	(49.7%)	(50.0%)	(47.1%)	(41.1%)
Research	911,801	1,161,978	423,248	342,644	336,934
	(2.3%)	(2.7%)	(0.9%)	(0.7%)	(0.5%)
Public Service	794,877	1,000,208	1,120,433	1,154,655	953,990
	(2.0%)	(2.3%)	(2.4%)	(2.2%)	(1.5%)
Academic	1,794,740	2,023,964	2,134,026	2,532,530	2,068,766
Support	(4.5%)	(4.6%)	(4.6%)	(4.9%)	(3.3%)
Student	1,923,652	2,212,975	2,470,770	2,654,137	2,773,000
Services	(4.8%)	(5.1%)	(5.3%)	(5.1%)	(4.4%)
Institutional	3,811,557	4,243,835	4,462,666	5,186,873	4,898,254
Support	(9.6%)	(9.7%)	(9.6%)	(10.0%)	(7.7%)
Physical Plant	3,337,355	3,491,206	4,054,344	4,499,037	4,995,047
	(8.4%)	(8.0%)	(8.7%)	(8.7%)	(7.9%)
Scholarships/	2,308,734	2,567,613	2,769,121	3,608,333	4,366,333
Fellowships	(5.8%)	(5.9%)	(6.0%)	(7.0%)	(6.9%)
Mandatory	1,748,005	1,796,067	1,999,948	2,912,583	2,873,495
Transfers	(4.4%)	(4.1%)	(4.3%)	(5.6%)	(4.5%)
Nonmandatory	2,092,481	1,937,339	2,095,405	2,430,019	11,869,668
Transfers	(5.3%)	(4.4%)	(4.5%)	(4.7%)	(18.8%)
Auxiliary	1,410,573	1,551,643	1,754,011	2,017,480	2,080,386
Enterprises	(3.6%)	(3.5%)	(3.8%)	(3.9%)	(3.3%)
Hospital	0	0	0	0	0
Independent Operations	0	26,923 (0.1%)	0	0	0
Total Expenditures	39,684,276	43,772,373	46,524,126	51,665,222	63,237,694

IPEDS Finance Survey, 1983/84-2000/01

Indiana University-Purdue University Fort Wayne (IPFW) IPEDS Finance Survey, 1983/84-2000/01

	1993/94	1994/95	1995/96	1996/97	1997/98
Instruction	\$25,841,001	26,898,522	27,459,874	28,920,240	30,323,645
	(47.9%)	(49.6%)	(48.7%)	(47.7%)	(47.3%)
Research	302,109	469,918	673,649	410,369	743,845
	(0.6%)	(0.9%)	(1.2%)	(0.7%)	(1.2%)
Public Service	1,199,793	1,416,751	1,259,513	1,689,257	1,621,831
	(2.2%)	(2.6%)	(2.2%)	(2.8%)	(2.5%)
Academic	2,055,844	2,294,753	2,061,513	2,455,127	3,065,009
Support	(3.8%)	(4.2%)	(3.7%)	(4.1%)	(4.8%)
Student	3,334,489	3,090,691	3,210,145	3,476,690	3,327,205
Services	(6.2%)	(5.7%)	(5.7%)	(5.7%)	(5.2%)
Institutional	5,699,630	4,918,067	5,503,133	6,188,506	6,600,200
Support	(10.6%)	(9.1%)	(9.8%)	(10.2%)	(10.3%)
Physical Plant	4,902,290	5,132,048	5,516,467	5,807,247	6,446,185
	(9.1%)	(9.5%)	(9.8%)	(9.6%)	(10.1%)
Scholarships/	3,702,821	3,636,333	3,473,011	3,778,628	4,031,259
Fellowships	(6.9%)	(6.7%)	(6.2%)	(6.2%)	(6.3%)
Mandatory	3,432,089	3,095,186	3,230,808	2,842,583	2,927,870
Transfers	(6.4%)	(5.7%)	(5.7%)	(4.7%)	(4.6%)
Nonmandatory	1,403,585	1,518,051	1,394,454	2,414,880	2,274,873
Transfers	(2.6%)	(2.8%)	(2.5%)	(4.0%)	(3.5%)
Auxiliary	2,094,598	1,735,188	2,600,445	2,600,343	2,738,245
Enterprises	(3.9%)	(3.2%)	(4.6%)	(4.3%)	(4.3%)
Hospital	0	0	0	0	0
Independent Operations	0	0	0	0	0
Total Expenditures	53,968,249	54,205,508	56,383,012	60,583,870	64,100,167

Table 1 (continued)Indiana University-Purdue University Fort Wayne (IPFW)IPEDS Finance Survey, 1983/84-2000/01

	1998/99	1999/00	2000/01
Instruction	\$31,993,520	33,357,352	34,311,463
	(46.8%)	(45.0%)	(44.7%)
Research	599,338	658,634	529,315
	(0.9%)	(0.9%)	(0.7%)
Public Service	1,596,178	2,056,827	2,121,314
	(2.3%)	(2.8%)	(2.8%)
Academic	2,917,784	3,118,919	3,202,488
Support	(4.3%)	(4.2%)	(4.2%)
Student	3,636,192	4,215,344	4,553,613
Services	(5.3%)	(5.7%)	(5.9%)
Institutional	7,734,698	8,251,735	8,654,601
Support	(11.3%)	(11.1%)	(11.3%)
Physical Plant	7,239,476	7,649,548	7,571,370
	(10.6%)	(10.3%)	(9.9%)
Scholarships/	3,926,368	4,634,578	5,441,187
Fellowships	(5.7%)	(6.3%)	(7.1%)
Mandatory	3,483,525	3,502,188	4,306,159
Transfers	(5.1%)	(4.7%)	(5.6%)
Nonmandatory	2,091,787	2,775,665	2,191,939
Transfers	(3.1%)	(3.7%)	(2.9%)
Auxiliary	3,206,018	3,853,578	3,839,742
Enterprises	(4.7%)	(5.2%)	(5.0%)
Hospital	0	0	0
Independent Operations	0	0	0
Total Expenditures	68,424,884	74,074,368	76,723,191

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics (Finance Survey). All surveys are available at http://www.nces.ed.gov/ipeds/. Percentages may not equal 100 due to rounding.

Indiana University-Purdue University Fort Wayne (IPFW) IPEDS Finance Survey, 2001/02-2004/05

	2001/02	2002/03
Instruction	\$35,194,322 (47.4%)	36,670,904 (44.0%)
Research	571,668 (0.7%)	673,713 (0.8%)
Public Service	2,506,351 (3.4%)	3,417,175 (4.1%)
Academic Support	3,304,102 (4.5%)	3,171,509 (3.8%)
Student Services	4,313,491 (5.8%)	4,712,708 (5.7%)
Institutional Support	8,745,386 (11.8%)	11,916,578 (14.3%)
Physical Plant	5,889,896 (7.9%)	7,252,626 (8.7%)
Depreciation	4,433,818 (6.0%)	4,451,218 (5.3%)
Scholarships/Fellowships	3,558,118 (4.8%)	3,690,707 (4.4%)
Auxiliary Enterprises	2,993,730 (4.0%)	3,140,259 (3.8%)
Hospital	0	0
Independent Operations	0	0
Other Expenses	667,899 (0.9%)	90,544 (0.1%)
Interest	2,050,403 (2.8%)	2,075,370 (2.5%)
Other Nonoperating Expenses	0	2,139,698 (2.6%)
Total Expenditures	74,229,184	83,403,009

Table 2 (continued)Indiana University-Purdue University Fort Wayne (IPFW)IPEDS Finance Survey, 2001/02-2004/05

	2003/04	2004/05
Instruction	\$40,087,986 (43.9%)	39,493,023 (37.3%)
Research	576,992 (0.6%)	802,817 (0.8%)
Public Service	3,335,392 (3.7%)	3,517,735 (3.3%)
Academic Support	3,582,376 (3.9%)	3,745,095 (3.5%)
Student Services	5,196,601 (5.7%)	5,517,440 (5.2%)
Institutional Support	14,052,537 (15.4%)	17,917,857 (16.9%)
Physical Plant	8,013,126 (8.8%)	14,132,791 (13.4%)
Depreciation	4,462,809 (4.9%)	5,718,886 (5.4%)
Scholarships/Fellowships	4,502,057 (4.9%)	6,112,685 (5.8%)
Auxiliary Enterprises	4,098,035 (4.5%)	5,311,961 (5.0%)
Hospital	0	0
Independent Operations	0	0
Other Expenses	10,347 (.001%)	166,968 (0.2%)
Interest	2,692,932 (2.9%)	2,684,453 (2.5%)
Other Nonoperating Expenses	733,383 (0.8 %)	659,856 (0.6%)
Total Expenditures	91,344,573	105,781,567

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics (Finance Survey). All surveys are available at http://www.nces.ed.gov/ipeds/. Percentages may not equal 100 due to rounding.

IPEDS Finance Survey, 2004/05 Public Baccalaureate Institutions in Indiana

	Indiana Univ- Purdue Univ Fort Wayne	Ball State University	Indiana Univ- Purdue Univ Indianapolis	University of Southern Indiana	Indiana State University
Instruction	\$39,493,023	127,869,758	277,830,173	28,929,118	64,510,401
	(37.3%)	(38.9%)	(29.4%)	(28.5%)	(35.9%)
Research	802,817	17,231,606	145,753,903	167,402	11,082,654
	(0.8%)	(5.2%)	(15.4%)	(0.2%)	(6.2%)
Public Service	3,517,735	7,177,883	75,157,800	1,692,147	1,249,962
	(3.3%)	(2.2%)	(7.9%)	(1.7%)	(0.7%)
Academic	3,745,095	38,940,849	113,850,193	9,280,790	13,310,424
Support	(3.5%)	(11.8%)	(12.0%)	(9.1%)	(7.4%)
Student	5,517,440	15,427,256	14,497,707	5,769,447	9,045,814
Services	(5.2%)	(4.7%)	(1.5%)	(5.7%)	(5.0%)
Institutional	17,917,857	25,323,407	34,205,645	10,643,332	17,116,949
Support	(16.9%)	(7.7%)	(3.6%)	(10.5%)	(9.5%)
Physical Plant	14,132,791	27,747,252	53,529,854	8,238,904	21,106,260
	(13.4%)	(8.4%)	(5.7%)	(8.1%)	(11.8%)
Depreciation	5,718,886	13,753,606	39,353,495	8,209,153	10,263,617
	(5.4%)	(4.2%)	(4.2%)	(8.1%)	(5.7%)
Scholarships/	6,112,685	1,907,551	32,436,564	5,560,843	5,258,253
Fellowships	(5.8%)	(0.6%)	(3.4%)	(5.5%)	(2.9%)
Auxiliary	5,311,961	48,867,306	126,645,360	16,987,418	24,672,760
Enterprises	(5.0%)	(14.9%)	(13.4%)	(16.7%)	(13.7%)
Hospital	0	0	0	0	0
Ind Operations	0	0	0	0	0
Other Expenses	166,968 (0.2%)	0	0	321,819 (0.3%)	0
Interest	2,684,453	3,772,282	13,609,020	5,595,691	2,026,353
	(2.5%)	(1.1%)	(1.4%)	(5.5%)	(1.1%)
Other Non Exp	659,856 (0.6%)	746,605 (0.2%)	18,670,783 (2.0%)	217,569 (0.2%)	0
Total Expend	105,781,567	328,765,361	945,540,497	101,613,633	179,643,447

Table 3 (continued)IPEDS Finance Survey, 2004/05Public Baccalaureate Institutions in Indiana

	Indiana	Indiana	Indiana	Indiana	Indiana
	University-	University-	University-	University-	University-
	Kokomo	South Bend	Bloomington	Northwest	Southeast
Instruction	\$9,006,685	27,280,327	313,630,575	18,373,470	21,162,769
	(35.2%)	(41.8%)	(33.3%)	(39.2%)	(40.2%)
Research	75,327	290,860	86,773,913	110,044	184,431
	(0.3 %)	(0.4%)	(9.2%)	(0.2%)	(0.4%)
Public Service	670,272	548,370	55,902,851	1,433,999	871,027
	(2.6%)	(0.8%)	(5.9%)	(3.1%)	(1.7%)
Academic	1,727,181	4,542,321	58,842,259	3,414,084	2,465,912
Support	(6.8%)	(7.0%)	(6.2%)	(7.3%)	(4.7%)
Student	1,405,452	2,291,019	39,433,826	2,570,632	2,697,993
Services	(5.5%)	(3.5%)	(4.2%)	(5.5%)	(5.1%)
Institutional	3,373,433	6,862,079	96,386,023	5,300,305	6,999,881
Support	(13.2%)	(10.5%)	(10.2%)	(11.3%)	(13.3%)
Physical Plant	2,367,186	4,357,761	56,585,863	4,235,800	3,431,295
	(9.3%)	(6.7%)	(6.0%)	(9.0%)	(6.5%)
Depreciation	1,733,127	2,844,415	54,979,996	2,145,052	2,545,591
	(6.8%)	(4.4%)	(5.8%)	(4.6%)	(4.8%)
Scholarships/	2,268,294	5,974,632	20,402,632	4,832,428	4,676,770
Fellowships	(8.9%)	(9.2%)	(2.2%)	(10.3%)	(8.9%)
Auxiliary	1,555,028	5,002,295	148,578,515	2,656,270	3,488,738
Enterprises	(6.1%)	(7.7%)	(15.8%)	(5.7%)	(6.6%)
Hospital	0	0	0	0	0
Ind Operations	0	0	0	0	0
Other Expenses	0	0	0	0	0
Interest	746,085	1,471,141	10,281,321	1,440,117	1,204,031
	(2.9%)	(2.3%)	(1.1%)	(3.1%)	(2.3%)
Other Non Exp	623,991 (2.4%)	3,804,793 (5.8%)	0	377,441 (0.8%)	2,920,117 (5.5%)
Total Expend	25,552,061	65,270,013	941,797,774	46,889,642	52,648,555

Table 3 (continued)IPEDS Finance Survey, 2004/05Public Baccalaureate Institutions in Indiana

	Indiana	Purdue	Purdue	Purdue
	University-	University-	University-	University-
	East	Calumet	North Central	West Lafayette
Instruction	\$7,640,501	34,125,234	12,150,096	389,620,261
	(28.2%)	(46.9%)	(44.9%)	(32.0%)
Research	39,485	1,040,546	105,326	191,335,042
	(0.1%)	(1.4%)	(0.4%)	(15.7%)
Public Service	4,726,182	1,849,229	777,577	87,519,047
	(17.4%)	(2.5%)	(2.9%)	(7.2%)
Academic	1,205,410	2,514,373	510,429	42,540,332
Support	(4.4%)	(3.5%)	(1.9%)	(3.5%)
Student Services	2,129,871	4,502,840	1,447,327	24,571,911
	(7.8%)	(6.2%)	(5.4%)	(2.0%)
Institutional	2,536,454	9,773,561	4,795,855	85,429,863
Support	(9.3%)	(13.4%)	(17.7%)	(7.0%)
Physical Plant	1,491,742	7,046,618	3,733,903	69,230,343
	(5.5%)	(9.7%)	(13.8%)	(5.7%)
Depreciation	1,098,622	3,800,138	1,215,118	72,892,154
	(4.0%)	(5.2%)	(4.5%)	(6.0%)
Scholarships/	3,129,180	3,397,141	1,312,373	18,440,047
Fellowships	(11.5%)	(4.7%)	(4.9%)	(1.5%)
Auxiliary	1,917,294	2,484,191	749,146	157,504,617
Enterprises	(7.1%)	(3.4%)	(2.8%)	(12.9%)
Hospital	0	0	0	0
Independent Operations	0	0	0	0
Other Expenses	0	96,463 (0.1%)	7,431 (.03%)	3,513,546 (0.3%)
Interest	906,738	1,245,273	19,921	17,864,733
	(3.3%)	(1.7%)	(.07%)	(1.5%)
Other Non Exp	317,070	825,238	215,403	57,429,682
	(1.2%)	(1.1%)	(0.8%)	(4.7%)
Total Expend	27,138,549	72,700,845	27,039,905	1,217,891,578

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics (Finance Survey). All surveys are available at http://www.nces.ed.gov/ipeds/. Percentages may not equal 100 due to rounding.

University Operating Appropriation per FTE, 2005/06 Public Institutions of Higher Education in Indiana

Rank	Institution	Appropriation per FTE
1	Indiana State University	\$8,091
2	Indiana University-Purdue University Indianapolis	7,735
3	Ball State University	6,276
4	Purdue University-West Lafayette	6,030
5	Indiana University-Bloomington	5,213
6	Indiana University-Kokomo	4,993
7	Vincennes University	4,879
8	Indiana University-Northwest	4,753
9	Indiana University-East	4,402
10	Indiana University-South Bend	4,313
11	Indiana University-Southeast	4,225
12	Indiana University-Purdue University Fort Wayne	4,129
13	Purdue University-North Central	4,045
14	University of Southern Indiana	4,042
15	Purdue University-Calumet	3,984
16	Ivy Tech State College	3,229

Mean=5021; standard deviation=1367.

Source: Indiana Commission for Higher Education. January 22, 2007. Correspondence with Jennifer Seaubaugh, Manager of Information and Research.

University Total Appropriation per FTE, 2005/06 Public Institutions of Higher Education in Indiana

Rank	Institution	Total Appropriation per FTE
1	Indiana State University	\$9,019
2	Indiana University-Purdue University Indianapolis	8,608
3	Ball State University	6,803
4	Purdue University- West Lafayette	6,659
5	Indiana University-Kokomo	6,065
6	Indiana University-Bloomington	5,891
7	Indiana University-Northwest	5,885
8	Indiana University-East	5,536
9	Vincennes University	5,442
10	Indiana University-South Bend	5,392
11	Indiana University-Southeast	5,355
12	University of Southern Indiana	4,784
13	Indiana University-Purdue University Fort Wayne	4,574
14	Purdue University-Calumet	4,343
15	Purdue University-North Central	4,095
16	Ivy Tech State College	3,520

Mean=5748; standard deviation=1491.

Source: Indiana Commission for Higher Education. January 22, 2007. Correspondence with Jennifer Seaubaugh, Manager of Information and Research.

Table 6Mean Spending Levels by Selected CategoryIndiana University-Purdue University Fort Wayne (IPFW)1983/84-2004/05

	Mean	Standard Deviation
Instruction	47.9	4.4
Research	1.0	0.6
Public Service	2.5	0.7
Academic Support	4.3	0.5
Student Services	5.3	0.5
Institutional Support	10.9	2.1
Physical Plant	9.6	1.2
Scholarships/Fellowships	6.1	0.8